

William Penn Foundation Family Literacy Initiatitive

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- Welcome and Introductions
- William Penn Foundation Family Literacy Initiative
 Overview
- Successful strategies for integrating components, recruitment, and partnerships
- Preliminary evaluation findings



WPF Family Literacy Initiative Overview



- 3-year Initiative--December 2018 to November 2021, possible 2 additional years
- 5 sites in Philadelphia--Beyond Literacy, Indochinese American Council, KenCrest, National Services Center, Supportive Older Women's Network (SOWN)
- 3-4 Component model—Adult Education, Parent Education, Interactive Literacy Activities (ILA), ECE/School
- Goodling Institute—external evaluator and technical assistance provider

Beyond Literacy











Evaluation Overview

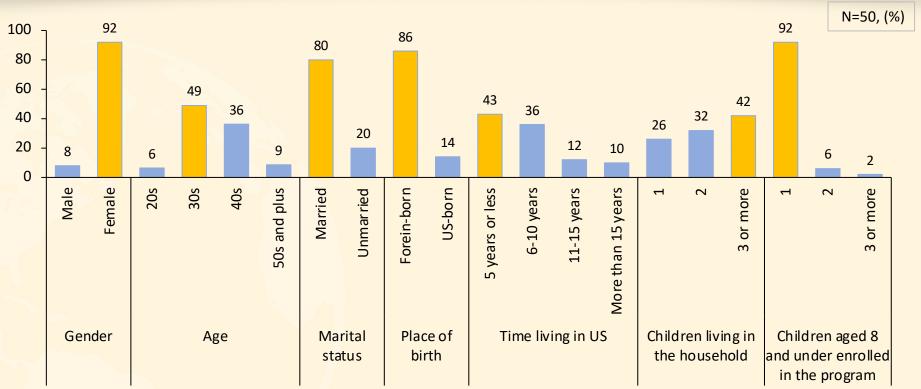


Mixed methods design:

- Qualitative data: annual site visits (interviews, focus groups, observations, desk review)
- Quantitative data: Pre-post caregiver survey, weekly home activity log, end-of-year school report

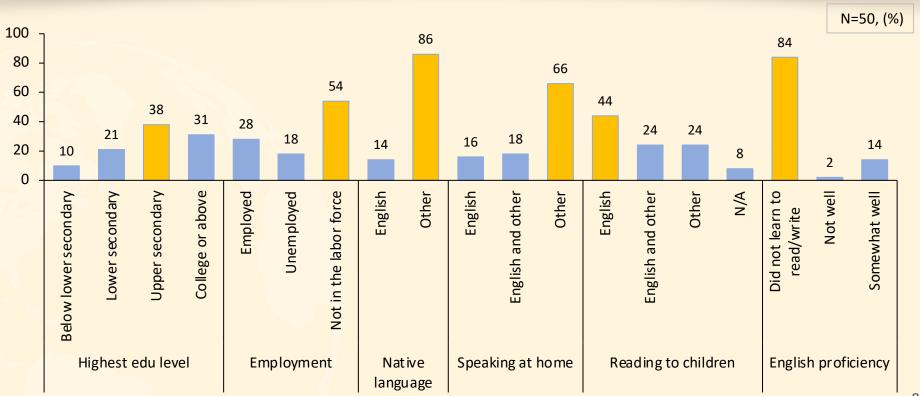
Demographics





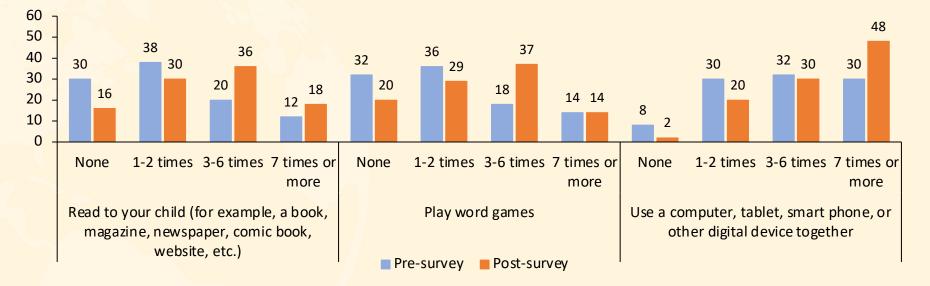
Demographics





Interaction with children

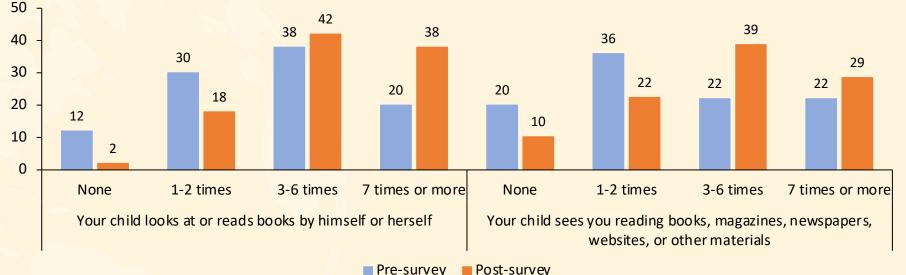
- Statistically significant differences in interaction with children were observed (p<.05).
 - Reading to the child (3 times or more) : 32% -> 54 %
 - Playing word games with the child (3 times or more) : 32% -> 51%
 - Using digital devices together with the child (3 times or more) : 62% -> 78%



Literacy activities



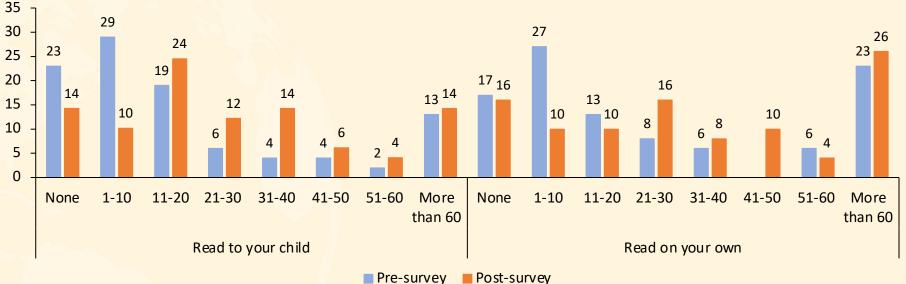
- Statistically significant differences in participation in literacy activities were observed (p<.05).
 - Children's reading activity (3 or more times per week): 58% -> 80%
 - Caregiver's reading activity (3 or more times per week): 44% -> 68%



Reading time



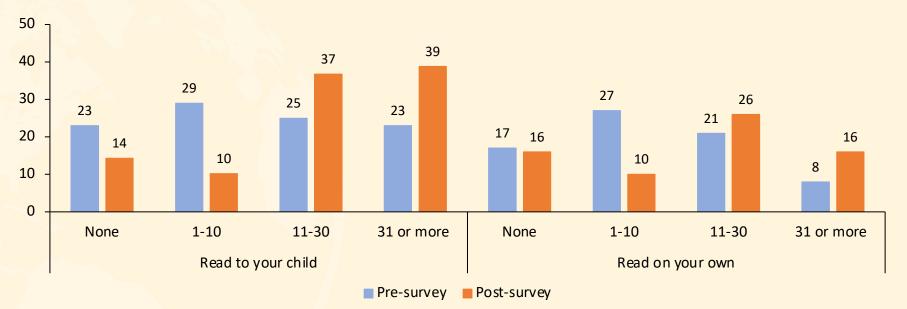
- Statistically significant differences in reading time per week were observed (p<.05).
 - Reading to your child for 30 or more minutes per week : 23% -> 38%
 - Reading on your own for 30 or more minutes per week : 35% -> 48%



Reading time

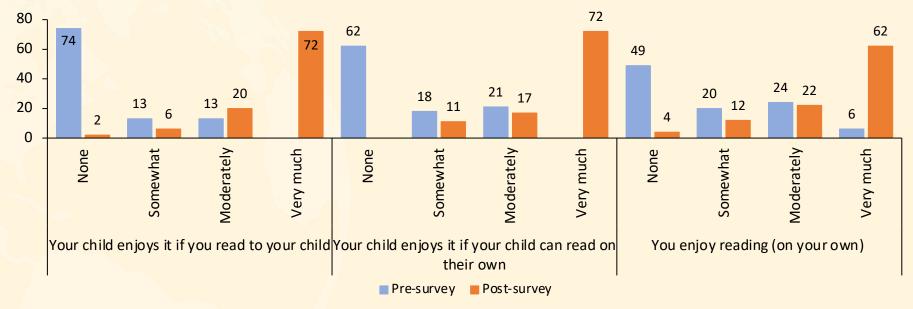


- Statistically significant differences in reading time per week were observed (p<.05).
 - Reading to your child for 30 or more minutes per week : 23% -> 38%
 - Reading on your own for 30 or more minutes per week : 35% -> 48%



Enjoy reading books

- Statistically significant differences in enjoying reading books were observed (p<.05).
 - Children enjoyed it if caregiver read to their children: 13% -> 92%
 - Children enjoy reading on their own: 21% -> 89%
 - Caregiver enjoy reading on their own: 30% -> 84%

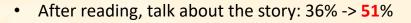


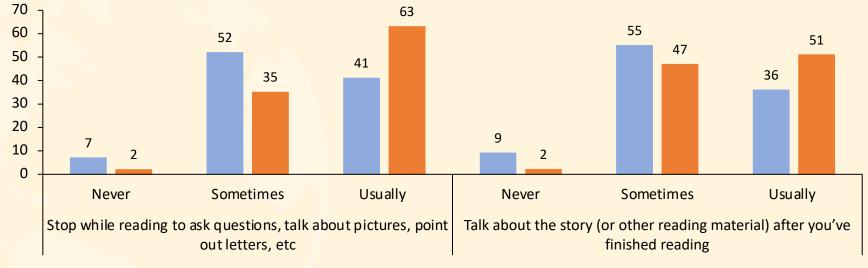


Reading activities



- Statistically significant differences in reading activities were observed (p<.05).
 - While reading, ask questions, talk about pictures, or point out letters: 41% -> 63%

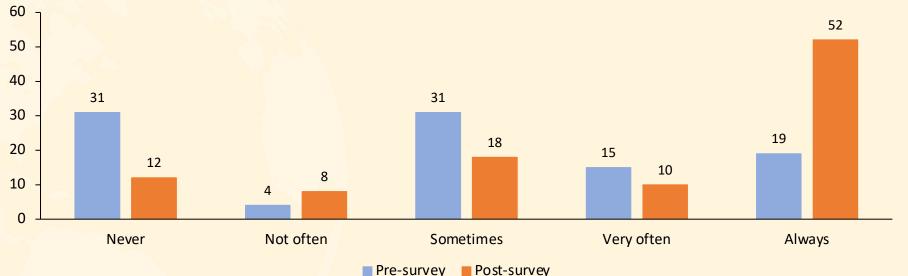




School-related activities



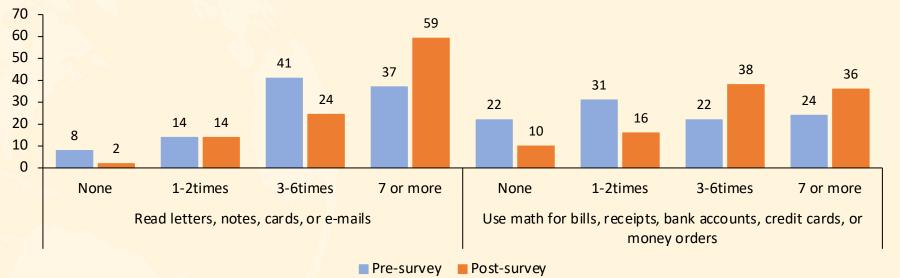
- Statistically significant differences in following activity were observed (p<.05):
 - Looking up information online about the child's school or education (very often or always): 34% -> 62%



Digital literacy



- Statistically significant differences in using digital devices for following purposes were observed (p<.05):
 - Reading letters, notes, cards, or emails 7 or more times per week : 37% -> 59%
 - Using math for bills, receipts, bank accounts, credit cards, or money orders 7 or more times per week : 24% -> 36%



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